SECTION C

This document covers thermostabilized grilled beef patty packaged in a flexible pouch for use by the Department of Defense as a component of operational rations.

C-1 ITEM DESCRIPTION

PCR-B-029, BEEF PATTY, GRILLED, PACKAGED IN A FLEXIBLE POUCH, SHELF STABLE

C-2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. <u>Product standard</u>. A sample shall be subjected to first article or product demonstration model inspection as applicable, in accordance with the tests and inspections of Section E of this Performance-based Contract Requirements document.
- B. <u>Commercial sterility</u>. The packaged food shall be processed until commercially sterile.
- C. Shelf life. The packaged food shall meet the minimum shelf life requirement of 36 months at $80^{\circ}F$.

D. Appearance.

- (1) <u>General</u>. The finished product shall be a charbroiled beef patty in natural juices (purge). The packaged food shall be free from foreign materials.
- (2) <u>Charbroiled beef patty</u>. The charbroiled beef patty shall have a medium grind and a typical cooked beef color. The shape shall be oval or rectangular. The surface of the beef patty shall be browned, roughly textured and shall contain grill marks. The beef patty shall be practically free of bone or bone fragments, cartilage, coarse connective tissue, tendons or ligaments, and glandular material.
- (3) <u>Purge</u>. The purge shall be translucent and a golden yellow color. The purge may contain flakes of meat from the beef patty.
- E. Odor and flavor. The packaged beef patty shall have a typical cooked, grilled beef odor and flavor, lightly seasoned with black pepper and onion. The packaged food shall be free from foreign odors and flavors.
- F. <u>Texture</u>. The beef patty shall be cohesive, tender, and moist. The beef patty shall be slightly juicy.
- G. Weight. The drained weight of the beef patty in an individual pouch shall be not less than 2.6 ounces.
- H. Palatability and overall appearance. The finished product shall be equal to or better than the approved product standard in palatability and overall appearance.

I. Analytical requirement.

- (1) $\underline{\text{Fat content}}$. The fat content shall be not greater than 16.0 percent.
- (2) <u>Salt content</u>. The salt content shall be not less than 0.7 and not greater than $1.3 \ \mathrm{percent}$.

C-3 MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

THE FOLLOWING INGREDIENTS ARE PROVIDED FOR INFORMATION ONLY. THIS IS NOT A MANDATORY CONTRACT REQUIREMENT.

A. <u>Ingredients</u>. Ingredients may be as follows: Beef, water, isolated soy protein, salt, onion powder, sodium phosphate, spices, lemon juice concentrate, caramel color.

B. Alternate protein product. The beef patty may contain not more than 2.0 percent isolated soy protein.

SECTION D

D-1 PACKAGING

Product shall be filled into pouches and each pouch shall be packed in a carton in accordance with MIL-PRF-44073, Packaging of Food in Flexible Pouches.

D-2 LABELING

- A. <u>Pouches</u>. Each pouch shall be clearly printed or stamped, in a manner that does not damage the pouch, with permanent black ink or any other contrasting color, which is free of carcinogenic elements. Prior to thermal processing of the pouches, the product name, lot number and filling equipment number shall be applied. All other marking may be applied before or after thermal processing.
 - (1) Product name (not less than 1/8 inch high). Commonly used abbreviations may be used when authorized by the inspection agency.
 - (2) Pouch code includes: 1/

Lot Number
Filling equipment identification number
Official establishment number (for example, EST-38)
Retort identification number
Retort cook number

1/ The lot number shall be expressed as a four digit Julian code. The first digit shall indicate the year of production and the next three digits shall indicate the day of the year (Example, April 12, 2000 would be coded as 0103). The Julian code shall represent the day the product was packaged into the pouch and processed. Sub-lotting (when used) shall be represented by an alpha character immediately following the four digit Julian code. Following the four digit Julian code and the alpha character (when used), the other required code information shall be printed in the sequence as listed above.

B. Cartons.

(1) The cartons shall be clearly printed on one of the largest panels with permanent black ink as follows:

Product name (7/32 to 9/32 inch block letters) Ingredients Net weight Name and address of packer Code (same as pouch code, see pouches) 1/2/2 USDA official inspection legend for the packer's plant "Nutrition Facts" label in accordance with the Nutrition Labeling and Education Act (NLEA) and all applicable FDA/USDA regulations

- $\frac{1}{2}$ Code may be ink printed or embossed on the outside of any other panel except the largest panels of the carton.
- 2/ Official establishment number not required in carton code.
 - (2) Military nutrition information entitled "Military Rations Are Good Performance Meals" shall be printed on the entrée cartons large panel opposite to the panel printed with the data in D-2, B,(1) above. The information, provided by the contracting officer, shall be clearly printed with permanent

black ink in an area no smaller than 4-1/4 inches by 6-3/4 inches.

D-3 PACKING

A. Packing for shipment to ration assembler. Seventy-two pouches (of the same product) in cartons shall be packed flat or on edge in a snug-fitting fiberboard shipping container conforming to style RSC, type CF, class domestic, grade 200 of ASTM D 5118, Standard Practice for Fabrication of Fiberboard Shipping Boxes. Each container shall be securely closed in accordance with ASTM D 1974, Standard Practice for Methods of Closing, Sealing, and Reinforcing Fiberboard Shipping Containers.

D-4 MARKING

A. <u>Shipping containers</u>. Shipping containers shall be marked in accordance with DPSC Form 3556, Marking Instructions for Shipping Cases, Sacks and Palletized/Containerized Loads of Perishable and Semiperishable Subsistence.

SECTION E INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

The following quality assurance criteria, utilizing ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes, are required. When required, the manufacturer shall provide the certificate(s) of conformance to the appropriate inspection activity. Certificate(s) of conformance not provided shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

A. Definitions.

- (1) <u>Critical defect</u>. A critical defect is a defect that judgment and experience indicate would result in hazardous or unsafe conditions for individuals using, maintaining, or depending on the item; or a defect that judgment and experience indicate is likely to prevent the performance of the major end item, i.e., the consumption of the ration.
- (2) $\underline{\text{Major defect}}$. A major defect is a defect, other than critical, that is likely to result in failure, or to reduce materially the usability of the unit of product for its intended purpose.
- (3) <u>Minor defect</u>. A minor defect is a defect that is not likely to reduce materially the usability of the unit of product for its intended purpose, or is a departure from established standards having little bearing on the effective use or operation of the unit.
- B. <u>Classification of inspections</u>. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:
- (1) Product standard inspection. The first article or product demonstration model shall be inspected in accordance with the provisions of this document and evaluated for overall appearance and palatability. Any failure to conform to the performance requirements or any appearance or palatability failure, shall be cause for rejection of the lot. The approved first article or product demonstration model shall be used as the product standard for periodic review evaluations. All food components that are inspected by the USDA shall be subject to periodic review sampling and evaluation. The USDA shall select sample units during production of contracts and submit them to the following address for evaluation:

US Army Soldier & Biological Chemical Command Soldiers System Ctr., Natick Soldier Center Attn: AMSSB-RCF-F(N) Natick, MA 01760-5018

One lot shall be randomly selected during each calendar month of production. Six (6) sample units of each item produced shall be randomly selected from that one production lot. The six (6) sample units shall be shipped to Natick within two (2) working days upon

completion of all USDA inspection requirements. The sample units will be evaluated for the characteristics of appearance, odor, flavor, texture and overall quality. Failure of samples to conform to all such characteristics may be cause for rejection.

(2) <u>Conformance inspection</u>. Conformance inspection shall include the examinations/tests and methods of inspection cited in this section and in Section 4 of MIL-PRF-44073.

E-5 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS (PRODUCT)

A. Product examination. The finished product shall be examined for compliance with the performance requirements specified in Section C of this Performance-based Contract Requirements document utilizing the double sampling plans indicated in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 - 1993. The lot size shall be expressed in pouches. The sample unit shall be the contents of one pouch. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the acceptable quality level (AQL), expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 1.5 for major defects and 4.0 for minor defects. Defects and defect classifications are listed in Table I. For drained weight inspection, a separate set of pouches shall be selected from the lot using the same sampling criteria as above. The pouches shall be immersed in $140^{\circ}F$ to $190^{\circ}F$ water for 10 minutes prior to conducting the product examination and the drained weight inspection.

TABLE I. Product defects 1/ 2/

Category		Defect		
Major	Minor	Appearance		
101		Product not charbroiled beef patty in natural juices.		
102		Bone or bone fragment measuring more than 0.3 inch in any dimension.		
	201	Product shape not oval or rectangular.		
	202	Product purge not translucent or not a golden yellow color.		
	203	Beef patty not a medium grind or not a typical cooked beef color.		
	204	Total weight of cartilage, coarse connective tissue, tendons or ligaments, and glandular material more than 0.2 ounces.		
	205	Product not browned, roughly textured with grill marks.		
		Odor and flavor		
103		Odor or flavor not typical of cooked, grilled beef lightly seasoned with black pepper and onion.		
		<u>Texture</u>		
	206	Beef patty not cohesive or not tender or not moist.		
	207	Beef patty not slightly juicy.		
		Weight		
	208	Drained weight of beef patty in an individual pouch less than 2.6 ounces.		

^{1/} Presence of any foreign material such as, but not limited to dirt, insect parts, hair, glass, wood or metal, or foreign odors or flavors such as, but not limited to burnt, scorched, rancid, sour, or stale shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

2/ Finished product not equal to or better than the approved product standard in palatability and overall appearance shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

B. Methods of inspection.

- (1) $\underline{\text{Commercial sterility}}$. Testing for commercial sterility shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-44073.
- (2) <u>Shelf life</u>. The contractor shall provide a certificate of conformance that the product has a 3 year shelf life when stored at 80°F. Government verification may include storage for 6 months at 100°F or 36 months at 80°F. Upon completion of either storage period, the product will be subjected to a sensory evaluation panel for appearance and palatability and must receive an overall score of 5 or higher based on a 9 point hedonic scale to be considered acceptable.
- (3) Drained weight. The pouch contents shall be poured into a flat-bottom container. A minimum of three times the pouch's volume of $180^{\circ}F$ to $190^{\circ}F$ water shall be added to the container to cover the contents. The contents and water shall be gently agitated to liquefy rendered fat without breaking the beef patty. The contents shall then be poured into a U.S. Standard 1/4 inch sieve in a manner that will distribute the product over the sieve without breaking the beef patty. The sieve area shall be such that the distributed product does not completely cover all the openings of the sieve. The sieve shall be tilted at approximately a 45° angle and allowed to drain for 2 minutes before determining the drained weight by subtracting the sieve tare weight from the gross weight. The drained weight shall be reported to the nearest 0.1 ounce.
- (4) <u>Analytical</u>. The sample to be analyzed shall be a composite of eight filled and sealed pouches which have been selected at random from the lot. The composited sample shall be prepared (see NOTE) and analyzed in accordance with the following methods of the Official Methods of Analysis of AOAC International:

Test	Method	Number
Fat	985.15	
Salt	935.47	

Test results shall be reported to the nearest 0.1 percent. Any nonconforming result shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

NOTE: The USDA will use AOAC method 983.18 for preparation of the sample.

E-6 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS (PACKAGING AND PACKING MATERIALS)

A. Packaging and labeling.

(1) <u>Pouch material testing</u>. The pouch material shall be examined for the characteristics listed in table II. The lot size, sample unit, and inspection level criteria are provided for each of the test characteristics. Any test failure shall be classified as a major defect and shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

TABLE II. Pouch material quality assurance criteria

Characteristic	Lot size expressed in	Sample unit	Inspection level
Oxygen transmission rate	yards	1/2 yard	S-1
Water vapor transmission rate	yards	1/2 yard	S-1
Camouflage	yards	1/2 yard	S-1
Thermal processing	pouches	1 pouch	S-2
Environmental conditions	pouches	1 pouch	S-2

(2) <u>Pouch examination</u>. The pouches shall be examined for the defects listed in table II of MIL-PRF-44073. The lot size shall be expressed in pouches. The sample unit shall be one thermal processed pouch. The inspection level shall be I and the AQL, expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 0.65 for major A defects, 2.5 for major B defects, and 4.0 for minor defects. Two hundred sample units shall be examined for

critical defects. The finding of any critical defect shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

(3) Examination of pouch and carton assembly. The completed pouch and carton assemblies shall be examined for the defects listed in table III of MIL-PRF-44073. The lot size shall be expressed in units of completed assemblies. The sample unit shall be one pouch and carton assembly. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the AQL, expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 0.65 for major defects and 2.5 for minor defects. Fifty sample pouch and carton assemblies shall be examined for critical defects. The finding of any critical defect shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

B. Packing.

(1) Shipping container and marking examination. The filled and sealed shipping containers shall be examined for the defects listed in table III below. The lot size shall be expressed in shipping containers. The sample unit shall be one shipping container fully packed. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the AQL, expressed in defects per hundred units, shall be 4.0 for major defects and 10.0 for total defects.

TABLE III. Shipping container and marking defects

Category		Defect
Major 101	Minor	Marking omitted, incorrect, illegible, or of improper size, location sequence or method of application.
102		Inadequate workmanship. $\underline{1}/$
	201	Contents more or less than specified.

^{1/} Inadequate workmanship is defined as, but not limited to incomplete closure of container flaps, loose strapping, inadequate stapling, improper taping, or bulged or distorted container.

SECTION J REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

DSCP FORMS

DPSC FORM 3556 Marking Instructions for Shipping Cases, Sacks and Palletized/Containerized Loads of Perishable and Semiperishable Subsistence

MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS

MIL-PRF-44073 Packaging of Food in Flexible Pouches

NON-GOVERNMENTAL STANDARDS

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR QUALITY (ASQ)

ANSI/ASQCZ1.4-1993 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM)

- D 1974 Standard Practice for Methods of Closing, Sealing, and Reinforcing Fiberboard Shipping Containers
- D 5118 Standard Practice for Fabrication of Fiberboard Shipping Boxes

AOAC INTERNATIONAL Official Methods of Analysis of the AOAC International

AMSSB-RCF-FN (Valvano/4259)

8 April 2002

TO: DSCP-HRAA (LeCollier/3625)

Subject: (ES02-105) Technical Inquiry; Various MRE Documents (listing below); Clarify Carton labeling information

Ref: Quality Summit Mar 13, 2002, Industry One on One Sessions.

- 1. Based on discussions at referenced meeting, the U.S. Army Soldier and Biological Chemical Command, Soldier Systems Center (SBCCOM) has decided to clarify the carton labeling information since the requirement as written has been misinterpreted.
- 2. SBCCOM requests that DSCP implement the following change to the listed subject documents for all current, pending and future procurements until the documents are formally amended or revised:

In Section D, D-2 Labeling, B Cartons: Delete Footnote 1 entirely and insert:

- $^{\infty}\underline{1}$ / Code may be ink printed on any outside carton panel. Code may be embossed on any outside carton panel except the largest panels of the carton."
- 3. The affected MRE entrée related documents are as follows:

PCR-C-045	25 Oct 01
PCR-P-028	25 Oct 01
PCR-F-002A	24 Oct 01
PCR-V-002	24 Oct 01
PCR-B-035	24 Oct 01
PCR-C-027	15 Nov 00
PCR-B-020	15 Nov 00
PCR-B-021	15 Nov 00
PCR-B-022	15 Nov 00
PCR-B-029	15 Nov 00
PCR-B-030	15 Nov 00
PCR-P-012	15 Nov 00
PCR-S-011	15 Nov 00
PCR-T-004	15 Nov 00
PCR-C-019A	31 Jul 00
PCR-J-001	30 Sep 99
PCR-B-010(1)	30 Sep 99
PCR-P-011	30 Sep 99
PCR-B-0002	17 Dec 97
PCR-S-0002	5 Nov 97
PCR-P-0002	5 Nov 97
PCR-C-0005	5 Nov 97
PCR-C-0006	5 Nov 97
PCR-B-0003	5 Nov 97
PCR-P-0001	22 Sep 97
PCR-N-0001	22 Sep 97
PCR-M-0001	22 Sep 97
PCR-C-0002	22 Sep 97
PCR-C-0003	22 Sep 97
PCR-B-0001	22 Sep 97
	PCR-P-028 PCR-F-002A PCR-F-002A PCR-V-002 PCR-B-035 PCR-C-027 PCR-B-020 PCR-B-021 PCR-B-022 PCR-B-029 PCR-B-030 PCR-P-012 PCR-S-011 PCR-T-004 PCR-C-019A PCR-J-001 PCR-B-010(1) PCR-B-010(1) PCR-B-011 PCR-B-002 PCR-P-0012 PCR-C-0005 PCR-C-0005 PCR-C-0006 PCR-B-0001 PCR-B-0001 PCR-N-0001 PCR-M-0001 PCR-M-0001 PCR-C-0002 PCR-C-0002 PCR-C-0002 PCR-C-0002 PCR-N-0001 PCR-M-0001 PCR-M-0001 PCR-C-0002 PCR-C-0002

Apple Slices in Spice Sauce, Pouch

PCR-A-0001

4 Apr 97

- 4. Several MRE related component documents, i.e. breads, cakes, cookies, do not require a carton.
- 5. Several MRE entrée related documents from the Oct 1998 time frame did not contain the specific labeling of pouches and cartons inclusively. They referenced MIL-PRF-44073 in the Section D requirements.

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6. Therefore, SBCCOM requests that DSCP implement the following change to the Quality Assurance Provisions and Packaging Requirements for MIL-PRF-44073E Packaging of Foods in Flexible Pouches for all current and pending procurements until the document is formally amended or revised:

In III, A, 1 Labeling and marking, b, Cartons: Delete Footnote 1 entirely and insert:

 $^{\infty}\underline{1}/$ Code may be ink printed on any outside carton panel. Code may be embossed on any outside carton panel except the largest panels of the carton."

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